SLCC Study Abroad and Domestic Study Course Design Rubric

Attributes	Low-1	Medium-2	High-3
Academic rigor is evident through assignments, readings, learning assessment, etc.	The academic components of the course are not clear.	The academic components of the course are mostly clear. A theoretical or analytical framework ground the course. There is some assessment of learning.	The academic components of the course are clearly outlined. Clear theoretical and analytical frameworks ground the course. Assessment of learning is integrated throughout the course.
Student learning outcomes and place-based education are integrated. The program site enhances academic goals.	The learning at the proposed destination is not closely linked to learning outcomes. The course could be taught at the home campus. It is not clear what happens while students are on location. There is a focus on visiting landmarks and tourist activity.	The learning objectives and the site itself have some integrated components. The place has moderately been taken into consideration. Some utilization of place-based education occurs. Program design encourages students to read, write, or discuss the historical or contemporary manifestations of at least one social, scientific, artistic, environmental, or cultural topic central to the study location's character.	The learning objectives and the site itself are closely integrated. Program design emphasizes achieving learning outcomes through place-based education. Engagement with the place is essential to learning. Program design requires students to read, write, and discuss the historical and contemporary manifestations of at least one social, scientific, artistic, environmental, or cultural topic central to the study location's character and the discipline.
Ethical community interaction occurs. Please consider referencing the <u>Fair Trade</u> <u>Learning rubric</u> (Hartman, E., 2015) for courses seeking community-engaged learning designation.	The program is planned without partner or community input. There is no plan to prepare students to interact in sensitive ways with local community members or the environment.	The program leader consults with local partners on community impact, program design, and program evaluation. The program provides students with a limited understanding of the cultural or environmental context, enhancing their interaction.	The program is developed in conjunction with local partners with equal consideration to student learning and its impact on the host community and the environment. The program leader has ongoing conversations with partners to collaborate on learning opportunities. The program provides students with a deep understanding of the cultural or environmental context, which allows them to interact meaningfully.

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The budget and trip itinerary are detailed.	No budget or trip itinerary is included.	Some information on the budget and itinerary is included.	A detailed budget and trip itinerary are included.
Faculty have the expertise and ability to lead an experiential trip.	The program leader has remote or second-hand experience with the host community or country and a basic understanding of the local cultural and historical context. The program leader has introductory knowledge and familiarity with the proposed location.	The program leader has previous travel experience in the host community or country, proficiency in the local language (if applicable), and an understanding of the local cultural and historical context. The leader has local contacts in the host community. The program leader has some knowledge and familiarity with the proposed location.	The program leader has previous travel experience in the host community or country, fluency in the local language (if applicable), and a deep understanding of the local, cultural, and historical context. The leader has well-developed networks in the host community. The program leader is a content expert and is very knowledgeable about the proposed location.
	The program leader has little or no experience leading students in 24/7 learning environments.	The program leader has some experience leading students in 24/7 learning environments.	Program leader has considerable experience in leading students in 24/7 learning environments.
Critical reflection is structured within course design. Reflection should: - Generate questions - Challenge assumptions and compare	The program leader does not require structured reflection or may ask students to reflect on the activities at the end of the program or only informally.	The program leader structures some reflection activities that connect the experience to academic content, requiring moderate analysis.	The program leader structures multiple reflection activities throughout the course that help students critically link the experience to academic content, requiring in-depth analysis.
 alternative perspectives Contextualize local setting and students' roles within it Connect to specific learning objectives Help students analyze the social, cultural, economic, environmental, or historical dynamics of the study location. 		Analysis of power, privilege, oppression, gender, economics, religion, or race relations may occur. If the program excludes the human experience (for example, primatology, biology, geology, geography), then analysis of issues within the discipline may occur. A reflection posted to the ePortfolio reflection is required.	Analysis of issues related to power, privilege, oppression, gender, economics, religion, or race relations, is woven throughout the course. If the program excludes the human experience (for example, primatology, biology, geology, geography etc.), then analysis of issues within the discipline should occur. A reflection posted to the ePortfolio is required.

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A pre-trip orientation and re-entry plan exists.	The program requires students	The program offers between one and	The program offers a series of pre-
	to participate in one pre-	three pre-departure sessions that	departure sessions that provide a
	departure meeting that	provide an overview of the host	deep grounding in the host
	prepares students for adapting	community's historical, political, and	community's historical, political, and
	to the new cultural	social context and prepares students	social context and prepares students
	environment; logistical matters;	for cultural adaptation; logistical	for cultural adaptation; logistical
	health, safety, and security	matters; health, safety, and security	matters; health, safety, and security
	considerations; and course	considerations; and course overview.	considerations; and course plans. At
	overview.	At least one on-site orientation is	least one on-site orientation is
		offered, which helps students	offered that helps students navigate
	There is no re-entry plan.	navigate their new physical setting,	their new physical setting, reinforces
		reinforces safety and security	safety and security considerations,
		considerations, and contextualizes	and contextualizes the cultural
		the host community's cultural	environment of the host community.
		environment.	
			Program leader organizes a formal
		The program leader discusses	discussion or assignment focused on
		students' re-entry into one's home	re-entry into one's home culture,
		culture, including reverse culture	including reverse culture shock,
		shock and lessons learned. The	reflection on the experience, lessons
		program encourages students to	learned, and potential impact on
		share what they have learned from	future decisions. The program
		their experience.	requires that students share what
			they have learned.
Health, safety, and security planning are	Low scores are not acceptable.	The program leader is informed on	The program leader manages
paramount. Program leaders carefully consider		potential health, safety, and security	potential health, safety, and security
the well-being of participants.		issues related to the program site	issues related to the program site
		and activities. An emergency plan is	and activities. An emergency plan is
		established for the location. Students	explicitly established for the location.
		are prepared to identify and avoid	Students are adequately prepared to
		hazards and are empowered to take	identify and avoid hazards and are
		responsibility for their well-being.	empowered to take responsibility for
			their well-being.
			their well-being.

Attributes	Low-1	Medium-2	High-3
Program evaluation and quality improvement	There is no plan for program	The program leader gathers input	Program leader seeks input from
occur.	evaluation.	through student evaluations.	students through evaluations, discussions, or other means.
	Local partners are not consulted	The program leader has limited	
	regarding program effectiveness	conversations with local partners	The program leader has
		about the program's strengths and	conversations with local partners
		weaknesses and impact on the	about the program's strengths and
		partner and community. The leader	weaknesses, impact on partner and
		considers the effectiveness of the	community, and the effect on
		program.	students. The program leader makes
			changes to the program based on
			feedback for future planning.
	Intercultural learning is briefly	Program design requires students to	Program design and implementation
Intercultural learning is integrated.	mentioned and included in the	connect with the host community	integrate intercultural learning
This astronomy is a stimul for disability of the target	syllabus or the program design.	through exposure to multiple	throughout the experience. The
This category is optional for disciplines that are not focused on the human experience (for		experiences of limited duration. At	program includes multiple
example, primatology, biology, archaeology,		least one concrete student	intercultural learning outcomes.
geology, geography etc.).		intercultural learning outcome included.	
		included.	Diverse perspectives are
		Diverse perspectives may be	incorporated into the curriculum.
		incorporated into the curriculum.	
Language learning program goals exist.	Coursework and program	Coursework and program activities	Coursework and program activities
Addresses linguistic demands of host country	activities are in the target	are mostly in the target language	are conducted entirely in the target
and program model to communicate with the	language appropriate to the	appropriate to the students'	language appropriate to the students'
local community (if applicable).	students' incoming language	incoming language proficiency. The	incoming language proficiency. The
	proficiency.	program includes at least one	program includes ongoing structured
		structured opportunity to use the	opportunities to use the target
		target language.	language.
Non-language learning program goals exist (if	Orientation includes basic	Orientation includes basic language	Orientation includes basic language
applicable).	language preparations such as	preparations such as greetings,	preparations such as greetings,
	greetings, introductions,	introductions, common questions,	introductions, common questions,
	common questions, and dealing	and dealing with emergencies. The	and dealing with emergencies. The
	with emergencies.	program includes optional, additional	program requires supplemental
		language instruction.	language instruction.

Definitions

Definition of Study Abroad

The leading professional organization for study abroad, the Forum on Education Abroad, defines education abroad as "education that occurs outside the participant's home country." In addition to engagement in academic courses, this can include such credit-bearing international experiences as work, volunteering, and directed travel, if these programs are driven to a significant degree by learning goals.

Definition of Domestic Study

In Putting the Local in Global Education, Neal Sobania (2015) defines domestic off-campus programs as "an immersive place-based experience tied to a particular U.S. location... that delivers a learning experience that supports the creation of a globally competent, engaged, and informed citizenry". These experiences should be academically focused in nature.

References

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IUPUI Study Abroad Advisory Committee. (2016). *Study Abroad at IUPUI: A White Paper*. Retrieved from <u>http://abroad.iupui.edu/doc/misc/study-abroad-IUPUI-whitepaper.pdf</u>

The Forum on Education Abroad. (2015). *Standards of Good Practice for Education Abroad, 5th Edition*. Retrieved from https://forumea.org/resources/standards-of-good-practice/

Sobania, N. (Ed). (2015). Putting the Local in Global Education: Models for Transformative Learning through Domestic Off-Campus Programs. Sterling, VA: Stylus